

1st internal Examination
Energy conversion - II
5th Semester, Diploma
Electrical Engineering.

Full marks = 20.

1. Answer all the questions.
(a) In which motor high starting torque is produced and why?
(b) What do you mean by distribution factor?
(c) What do you mean by plugging?
(d) What is step in induction motors?
(e) Why slip of an induction motor varies?
2. A 20 kW, 4 pole, 50 Hz, 3^Ø induction motor has friction and winding losses of 3% of the output. The full load speed of the motor is 1440 rpm. Find for full-load (i) motor copper loss (ii) motor input (iii) shaft torque (iv) gross electromagnetic torque.
3. Derive the condition for maximum starting torque in a 3^Ø induction motor.

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1 Answers all the questions

- (a) why transformer rating is expressed in kVA 2.
- (b) which type of Alternator is used for hydroelectric power plants and why 2.
- (c) what is hunting 2.
- (d) why a starting winding is needed for single phase motor
- (e) write the application of universal motor 2.

2. A 3- δ , 6600V, 50Hz, star connected Synchronous motor takes 50A current. The resistance and synchronous reactance per phase are 1 Ω and 20 Ω respectively. Find the power supplied to the motor and induced emf when pf is (i) 0.9 lagging and (ii) 0.9 leading.

3. Write notes on maintenance of transformer.